

2015-16 VFC Influenza Vaccine



2015-16 VFC Influenza Vaccine:

• IIV3	Fluzone	Trivalent®	sanofi pasteur
• IIV4	Fluzone	Quadrivalent®	sanofi pasteur
• IIV4	Fluarix	Quadrivalent [®]	GlaxoSmithKline
• IIV4	FluLaval	Quadrivalent	GlaxoSmithKline
• LAIV4	FluMist	Quadrivalent [™]	MedImmune

2015-16 Flu Abbreviations for VFC Flu Vaccine:

- IIV3: Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, trivalent
- IIV4: Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, quadrivalent
- LAIV4: <u>Live</u>, <u>Attenuated</u>, <u>Influenza Vaccine</u>, quadrivalent

Document VFC flu vaccine on the vaccine administration record (VAR) & immunization card as: IIV3, IIV4, & LAIV4

O: Can we borrow Vaccines for Children (VFC) flu vaccine?

A: No. VFC flu vaccine should never be used on non-VFC eligible children.

Q: What do I do if my VFC flu vaccine has not arrived and I have a VFC –eligible child in my office?

A: In those instances where there is a lack of VFC seasonal flu vaccine due to unexpected circumstances, such as a delayed vaccine shipment, then a provider may use private-stock seasonal flu vaccine to vaccinate VFC-eligible children. Those private stock doses used on VFC-eligible children can later be replaced when VFC stock becomes available. This <u>one-directional borrowing</u> exception is unique to seasonal flu vaccine and a requirement of CDC.

Q: What should I know about the one-directional borrowing of seasonal flu vaccine?

A: Accountability of VFC vaccine is an important part of managing your VFC inventory. The Michigan Care Improvement Registry (MCIR) has been programmed to help ensure that we account for every VFC vaccine dose. When you borrow private-stock flu vaccine for a VFC-eligible child you will need to document your actions in the Vaccine Inventory Management (VIM) system within MCIR. VFC providers must:

- Maintain two separate inventories, one for VFC-eligible children and a second inventory for the privately insured children, and must have adequate vaccine in both inventories.
- Have a private stock inventory managed in VIM in order to accurately replace borrowed vaccine.
- Know how to correctly record the borrowed and replaced borrowed transactions in MCIR.
- In the MCIR comment section, document information detailing the borrowing situation and when borrowed vaccine was replaced.
- You should not borrow more private stock vaccine than what you have pre-booked through VFC.

Q: What do I need to remember when I borrow 2015-16 private-stock influenza vaccine?

A: Borrowed private-stock flu vaccine must be replaced as soon as the VFC flu vaccine arrives and replacement must be with the same product, including same presentation. A VFC provider should:

- Review MCIR VFC vaccine order history and look for type pre-booked (pbk) to know what you ordered.
- Always know what flu vaccine you ordered and what is currently in your storage unit.
- Know that when you borrow private-stock flu vaccine you MUST replace with the same presentation; only borrow a presentation you have already ordered.
 - o For example, if you ordered private stock IIV3 Fluarix[®] and you ordered VFC stock IIV4 Fluarix[®] then you <u>cannot</u> borrow between those doses because one is a trivalent and the other is a quadrivalent presentation.
- You must replace borrowed vaccine dose for dose!

Key Points to Remember:

- VFC seasonal flu vaccine may NOT be borrowed to vaccinate privately-insured children.
- MCIR is designed to record the borrowing of doses as they are administered based on eligibility.
- Utilize MCIR to help monitor your inventory and contact your local health department with any questions you may have regarding your VFC vaccine inventory.
- You must ensure that the vaccine given is accounted for properly.
- Borrowing private-stock flu vaccine should be a rare occurrence!
- Vaccinate until the flu vaccine expires and if you run out of VFC vaccine, contact your local health department to order additional doses.